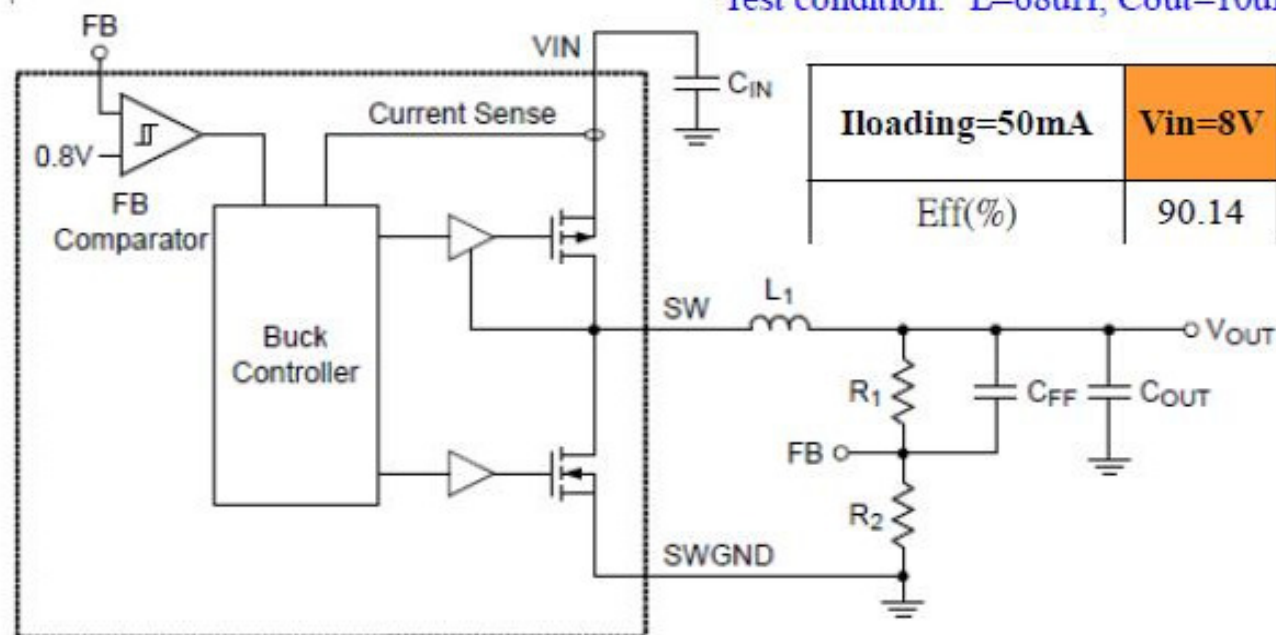


RT7079 DC Buck和7815线路对比

Test condition: $L=68\mu\text{H}$, $C_{\text{out}}=10\mu\text{F}$, Input Voltage=7~58V, $V_{\text{out}}=7.14\text{V}$, $I_{\text{loading}}=50\text{mA}$



$I_{\text{loading}}=50\text{mA}$	$V_{\text{in}}=8\text{V}$	$V_{\text{in}}=12\text{V}$	$V_{\text{in}}=20\text{V}$	$V_{\text{in}}=30\text{V}$	$V_{\text{in}}=40\text{V}$	$V_{\text{in}}=58\text{V}$
Eff(%)	90.14	88.24	87.65	85.16	82.68	78.77

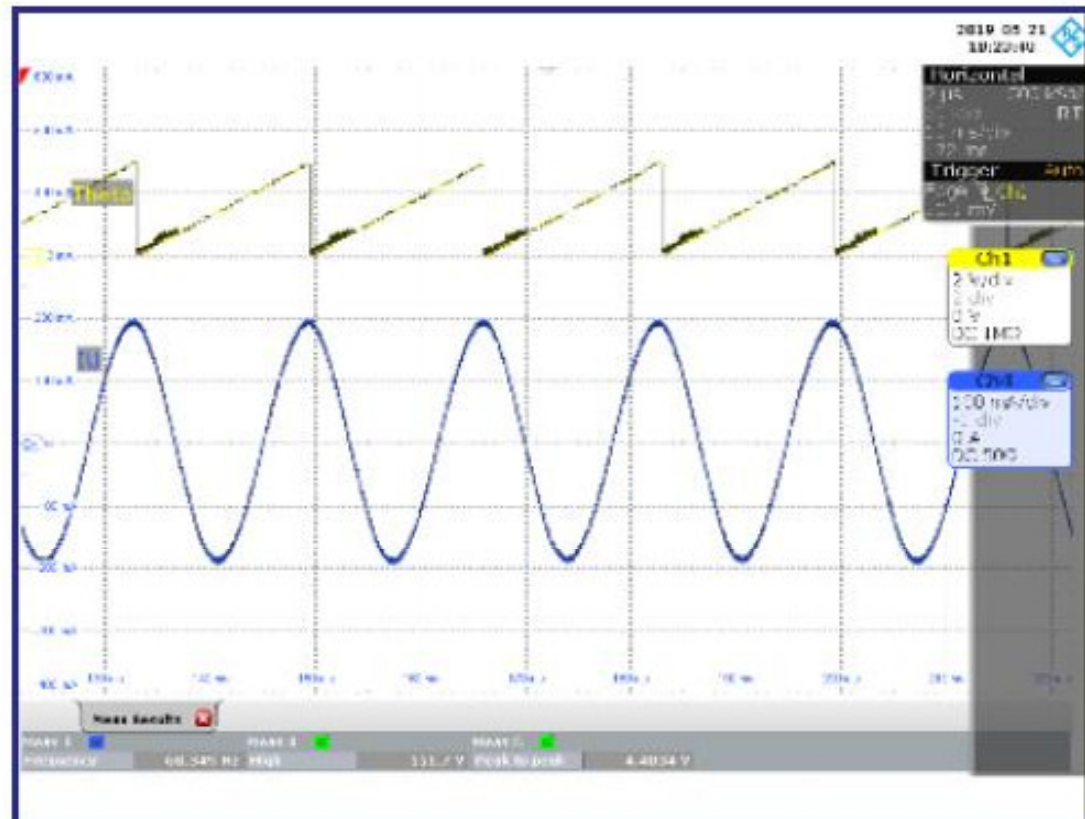
DC Buck电源模块，输入电压范围大，最大可以到58V，输出电压可调，负载电流相应迅速，关键是转换效率高，降低发热。

7815的线路效率，输入是30V时，效率50%，随电流越大，损耗越大，损耗最终变成发热。

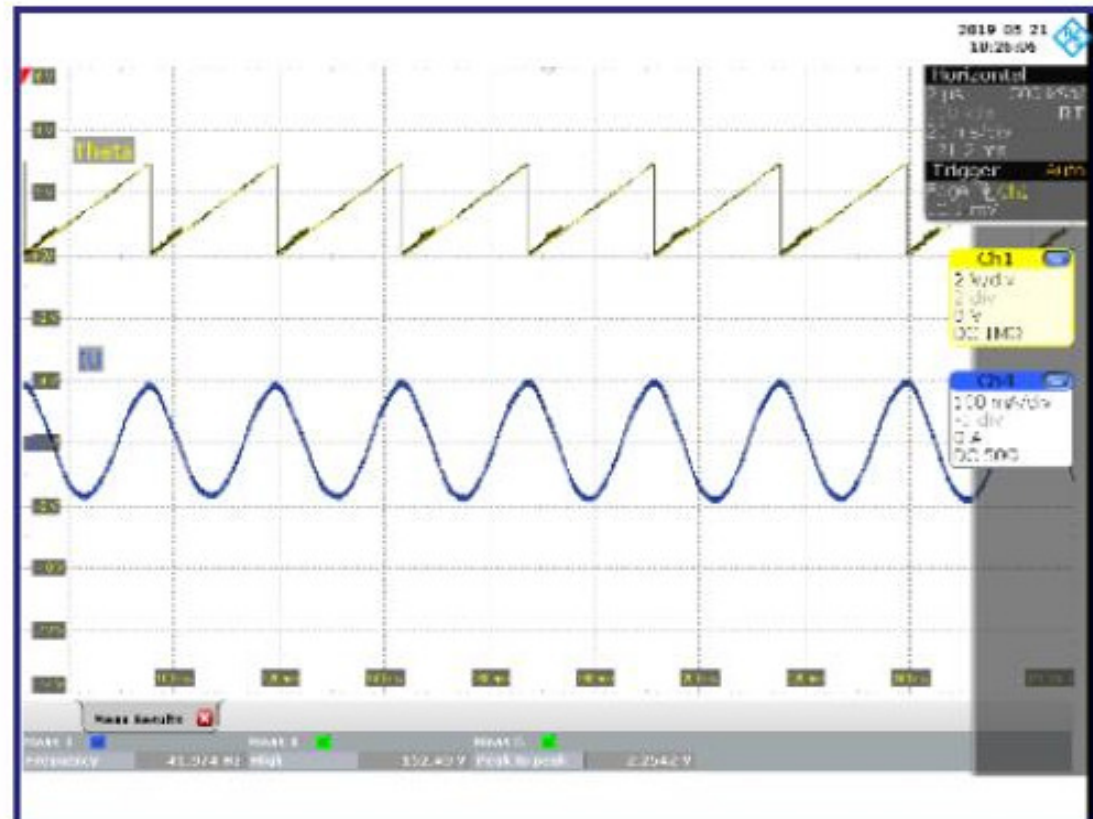
DC Buck，40V输入，效率是82.7%。同样20ma负载电流，DC Buck损耗是 $40 \times 0.02 \times 0.173 = 0.14\text{W}$ 。比7815线路的0.5W功耗和7815本体0.31的功耗，都小非常多。这样器件选型也不需要封装非常大的电阻，因为损耗小，发热小。

FOC- I_d Control

- *Optimize efficiency at full speed range.*
- *Adaptive loading capacity. (Support wide load range)*



θ_{Rotor} vs. I_{Phase} @ Heavy Load



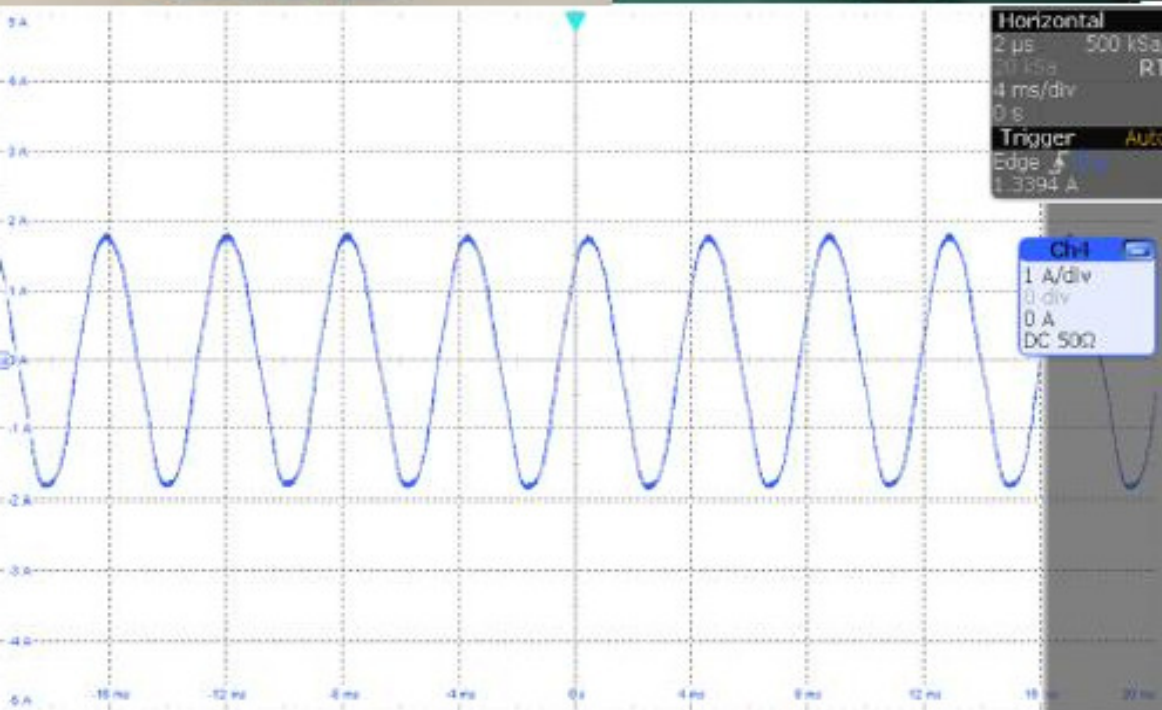
θ_{Rotor} vs. I_{Phase} @ Light Load

RT7079 Real Size Board & Exhaust Fan

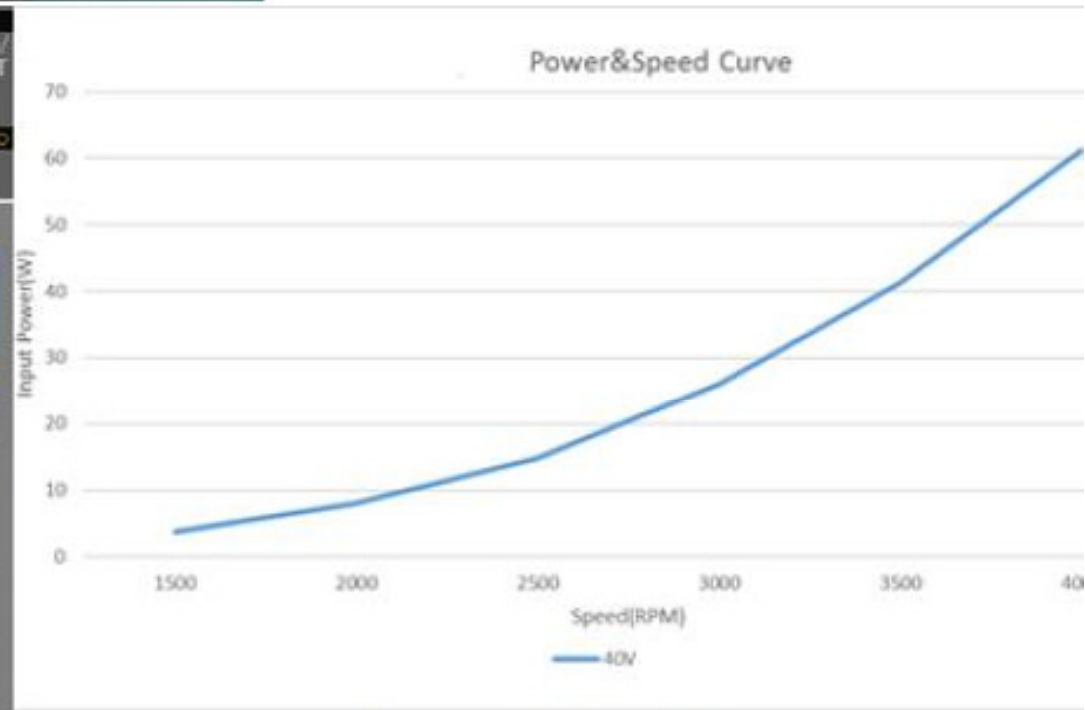


Motor spec:
 $V_{in}=24\sim 48V$, pole=8,
Max Speed=4000rpm,
Max Power= 60W

Test condition:
 $V_{in}=40V$, PWM freq=20kHz , Maxi
Duty=98% , DT=1uS



Motor phase current waveform



Power & Speed Curve